

Plant Name	Size	Sale Price (\$)	Qty Available	
Houseplants and Foliage Plants				
Peperomia Amigo Marcello	3" pots	\$2.00	72	
Perennials				
Airplane Plant	4" pots	\$3.00	12	
Aloe	4" pots 6" pots	\$3.00 \$5.00	20	
Dianthus 'Classic Coral''	1 gallon pot	\$10.00	30	
Phlox s. 'Blue Emerald'	1 gallon pot	\$5.00	14	
Narcissus (generally 3 bulbs per pot)	1 quart pot	\$3.00	37	
Succulents and Cacti				
Christmas Cactus	3" pots 6" pots	\$2.00 \$5.00	50	
Hens and Chicks	3" pots	\$2.00	72	
Assorted Succulents	3" pots	\$2.00	40	



Note: Pictures are typically representative of a mature plant. The plants being offered are not mature plants and will look different. For example, most will not be blooming and will be smaller.

Plant Name	Picture	Cultural Information
Airplane Plant (also known as Spider Plant)	2008 Cchriste	Spider Plant is one of the easiest houseplants to care for. Thrives best in low to minimal light and biweekly watering. Spider takes toxins and converts them to oxygen. It's an old standby but try dressing it up in an urn or letting it hang over a bookcase.
Aloe		Aloe vera is known as a succulent plant, which means it stores water in its leaves and stem. This makes it a hardy plant that needs very little water, allowing it to survive in dry environments. Aloe vera has a very short stem with thick, fleshy, greenish leaves fanning out from it. These leaves are where you find the goodness in Aloe vera.
Christmas Cactus		A Christmas Cactus is a tropical plant that does not naturally exist in nature. It was bred from two unique parent plants that both grow in the South American rainforests, specifically in Brazil. The plant is recognizable by its segmented stem and the brightly colored blooms that appear at the



	ends of them. Blooms are typically red, pink, purple, yellow, or white, and the blooms can occur at different times throughout the year. Most notably, they can appear near Christmas, which is where the name is derived.
Dianthus 'Classic Coral' (Proven Winners)	A sea of semi-double to double coral pink fragrant flowers surf just above the mounding evergreen foliage. Great heat and humidity tolerance. Dianthus Classic Coral flaunts much sought-after attributes: low maintenance, drought tolerance, evergreen foliage, attractive to beneficial pollinators and provides charming bouquets for a favorite bud vase. A sun-loving beauty. The more the flowers are cut, the more they bloom.
Hens and Chicks	One of the most popular succulents for hot, dry gardens or container growth all the way north through zone 5, Sempervivum forms a neat, bright rosette of foliage that typically spreads freely by offshoots, creating a colorful and interesting display in almost any setting!
	This mix lets you enjoy the range of Sempervivums foliage, from gray-green to deep magenta-mahogany tones, including some variegated types. The blooms also vary, from upright to pendant and



	from yellow to pink shades.
Narcissus	Narcissus flowers are a member of the amaryllis plant family (Amaryllidaceae). They have a central trumpet-shaped corona surrounded by six petals. The blossoms sit atop a single stem, surrounded by flat leaves that grow from the plant's base and can reach up to one meter in height.
	Most Narcissi are yellow or white in color, though orange and pink are also seen in some common garden varieties. The trumpet part of the flower sometimes differs in color from the surrounding petals.
	Daffodils are arguably the most recognizable flower in the Narcissus genus. The botanical name "daffodil" only dates back to the 1500s, prior to which time these flowers were called "Affodyle", which means "that which comes early" in old English. The full Latin name for the common wild daffodil is Narcissus pseudonarcissus.



Phlox s. 'Blue Emerald'



Low, 4-inch-tall mats of evergreen, soft, needle-like foliage are smothered by fragrant, star-shaped blue blooms in early spring. This one is very popular for rock gardens and edging. This drought-tolerant creeper is best in smaller areas in full sun and well-drained soils. It is excellent for hillside erosion control.

Peperomia Amigo Marcello



The adorable Peperomia Amigo Marcello is a crowd favourite. Easy to care for with green little leaves, this cutie enjoys a bright room with indirect sunlight. Most of them are compact, small perennial epiphytes growing on rotten wood, which make them a great candidate for any arrangement as filler! They are native to Central and South America

Light: Medium to bright indirect light; keep out of direct sunlight **Water:** Water thoroughly; allow soil to dry out 1-2 top inches between watering

Humidity: 50-60%

Temperature: 18° - 24°C / 65° -

75°F

Feeding: Fertilize with balanced houseplant fertilizer every two weeks at half strength during spring. Reduce to once a month

during summer **Toxicity:** Non-toxic



Succulents



Succulents are drought resistant plants in which the leaves, stems,or roots have become more than usually fleshy by the development of water-storing tissue. They are favored as houseplants for their attractiveness and ease of care. If properly potted, succulents require little maintenance to survive indoors.